Gunnison Valley Regional Housing Authority

Financial Report

December 31, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Gunnison Valley Regional Housing Authority

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gunnison Valley Regional Housing Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gunnison Valley Regional Housing Authority as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis pages B1 through B4 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Blair and Associates, P.C.

Cedaredge, Colorado July 13, 2018

Gunnison Valley Regional Housing Authority Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended December 31, 2017

This narrative overview and analysis of the Gunnison Valley Regional Housing Authority, (GVRHA), performance through December 31, 2017 is provided as a supplement to GVRHA year-end financial statements. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the beginning of this report, the basic financial statements following this section and the notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of GVRHA exceeded the liabilities at December 31, 2017 by \$1,639,342 (net position). Fund balance of \$576,494, (unassigned) may be used to meet ongoing obligations.
- The GVRHA total net position increased by \$427,762 from the prior year.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to GVRHA basic financial statements. The GVRHA basic financial statements are comprised of two components: 1) the Basic Financial Statements and 2) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements that provide additional disclosure of some of the information in the basic financial statements.

The balance sheet present information on GVRHA's assets and liabilities with the differences reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as useful indicators as to whether the GVRHA's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities present information showing how GVRHA's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide financial statement disclosures that are an integral part of the basic financial statements. Such disclosures are essential to a comprehensive understanding of the information provided in the basic financial statements.

Financial Analysis

Net position is summarized in the table below:

	2016			2017		
Current assets	\$	209,919	\$	217,591		
Restricted assets		523,333		516,592		
Other noncurrent assets		1,030,600	2 300	1,030,600		
Total assets		1,763,852	_	1,764,783		
Current liabilities		51,938		25,077		
Loan payable		500,334		100,334		
Total liabilities	552,272			125,411		
Restricted		32,248		32,248		
Unrestricted		1,179,332		1,607,094		
Total net position	\$	1,211,580	\$	1,639,342		

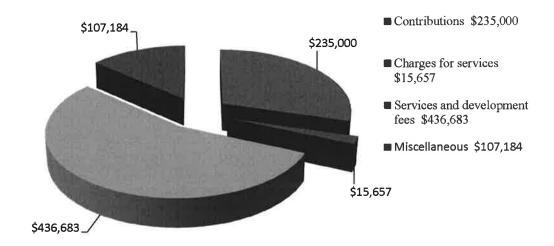
The GVRHA's current ratio reflects the relationship between current assets and current liabilities and is a measure of GVRHA's ability to pay short-term obligations. At December 31, 2017, GVRHA's current ratio is 9:1

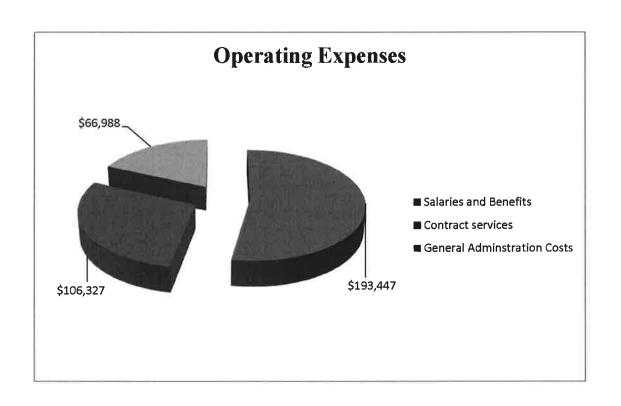
Changes in net position are summarized in the table below:

	2016	2017		
Operating revenues	\$ 328,643	\$	794,524	
Operating expenses	351,583		366,762	
Operating (loss) income	(22,940)		427,762	
Change in net position	(22,940)		427,762	
Net position, January 1	 1,234,520		1,211,580	
Net position, December 31	\$ 1,211,580	\$	1,639,342	

The GVRHA had an overall increase in net position of \$427,762 in 2017.

Operating Revenue





Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

- The GVRHA continues to function as an independent agency with funding from the County of Gunnison, the City of Gunnison and the towns of Crested Butte and Mt. Crested Butte and the Colorado Division of Housing (CDOH).
- The GVRHA provides property management services to the County for Mountain View Apartments, an independent senior and disabled housing complex and scattered-site condominiums owned by the County.
- The GVRHA is the Managing Member of Anthracite Place Apartments, LLC and performs property management activities at the site. The GVRHA Board of Directors is the authoritative body for Anthracite.
- In coordination with CDOH, GVRHA continues to administer the Section 8 Rental Program. Forty-eight vouchers were administered locally at the end of 2016. In 2017, due to federal budget constraints, CDOH issued a freeze on issuing new vouchers. Due to the high cost of housing and a lack of suitable housing options, 13 voucher-holders left the county and took their vouchers with them.
- The GVRHA Executive Director offers homebuyer education classes and follow-up counseling as requested by the Town of Crested Butte for locals choosing to enter a lottery for up to 40 new deed-restricted properties that will be built in the next five years.
- > In 2017 a new position was added for an Administrative Assistant to work up to 20 hours per week for a new program offered by the GVRHA to the residents in the county. It is an energy-efficiency program designed to increase the energy efficiency of older and substandard homes which will reduce the cost of utilities to the resident, making their homes more affordable to live in.
- The GVRHA Executive Director will present the draft 2019 budget to the Board of Directors this fall with adoption expected by December 15, 2018.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of GVRHA's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Executive Director Gunnison Valley Regional Housing Authority 202 E. Georgia Avenue Gunnison, Colorado 81230

Gunnison Valley Regional Housing Authority Balance Sheet/ Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

Assets	•	General Fund Adjustments			Statement of Net Position			
Cash and cash equivalents- unrestricted	\$	201,275	\$		\$	201,275		
Restricted cash		516,562				516,562		
Due from other Governments		16,316		1(e)		16,316		
Anthracite Place Apartments, LLC		-		1,030,600		1,030,600		
Total assets	\$	734,153		1,030,600		1,764,753		
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-		· · ·				
Deferred grants		25,077		026		25,077		
Loan payable		100,334				100,334		
Total liabilities		125,411				125,411		
Fund Balance/Net Position								
Spendable:								
Restricted for emergencies		10,000		(10,000)		œ:		
Restricted for LIHTC project		22,248		(22,248)		-		
Unassigned		576,494		(576,494)		· =:		
Total Fund Balance	-	608,742		(608,742)				
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	734,153						
Net position								
Restricted for emergencies				10,000		10,000		
Restricted for LIHTC project				22,248		22,248		
Unrestricted				1,607,094		1,607,094		
Total Net Position			\$	1,639,342	\$	1,639,342		

Gunnison Valley Regional Housing Authority Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance/ Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

On another Parameter	•	General Fund	A di	justments	Statement of Activities		
Operating Revenues U.S. Housing and Urban Development Grant	\$	15,657	\$	ustinents	\$	15,657	
Local Government Contributions	Ψ	235,000	Ψ	120	Ψ	235,000	
Other Revenue		107,184		-		107,184	
Services and development fees		436,683		_		436,683	
Total Revenues		794,524				794,524	
	-	<u> </u>			-		
Expenditures/Expenses							
Telephone and internet		4,616		100		4,616	
Postage		323		₹.		323	
Photocopy and office supplies		6,423		19		6,423	
Professional services		8,878		(4))		8,878	
Auditing		6,300		9		6,300	
Insurance		4,626		960		4,626	
Rent		10,562		:=);		10,562	
Salaries and benefits		193,447		= 0		193,447	
Miscellaneous		2,721		(=);		2,721	
Advertising and legal notices		902		<u></u>		902	
Travel and classes		4,337		= 0		4,337	
Meals and lodging		4,231		-		4,231	
Dues and meetings		1,105		91		1,105	
Anthracite Place apartments		3,265		(w)		3,265	
Contract services		106,327				106,327	
Interest expense		2,038		* /		2,038	
Administrative services		6,661		-		6,661	
Total Expenditures/Expenses		366,762				366,762	
Operating income		427,762		-		427,762	
Net position, January 1		180,980		1,030,600		1,211,580	
Net position, December 31	\$	608,742	\$	1,030,600		1,639,342	

Gunnison Valley Regional Housing Authority Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Operating Revenues	Original Budget					Actual		al Budget
U.S. Housing and Urban Development Grant	\$	17,808	\$	17,808	\$	15,657	\$	(2,151)
Local Government Contributions	Ψ	235,000	Ψ	235,000	Ψ	235,000	Ψ	(2,131)
Other Revenue		93,538		93,538		107,184		13,646
		362,000		362,000		436,683		74,683
Services and development fees				708,346	_	794,524	_	86,178
Total Revenues		708,346	-	700,340	_	194,324	-	00,170
Expenditures/Expenses								
Telephone and internet		5,650		5,650		4,616		1,034
Postage		1,250		1,250		323		927
Photocopy and office supplies		5,700		5,700		6,423		(723)
Professional services		14,710		14,710		8,878		5,832
Auditing		8,000		8,000		6,300		1,700
Insurance		5,380		5,380		4,626		754
Rent		10,800		10,800		10,562		238
Salaries and benefits		250,988		250,988		193,447		57,541
Miscellaneous		4,150		4,150		2,721		1,429
Advertising and legal notices		900		900		902		(2)
Travel and classes		12,300		12,300		4,337		7,963
Meals and lodging		2,450		2,450		4,231		(1,781)
Dues and meetings		2,070		2,070		1,105		965
Anthracite Place apartments		**		S - 8		3,265		(3,265)
Contract services		-		#		106,327		(106,327)
Interest expense		122		22		2,038		(2,038)
Administrative services		4,518		4,518		6,661		(2,143)
Total Expenditures/Expenses		328,866		328,866		366,762		(37,896)
Change in Fund Balance		379,480	\$	379,480	\$	427,762	\$	48,282

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Gunnison Valley Regional Housing Authority (the "Authority") is a multijurisdictional housing authority incorporated under the laws of the State of Colorado. The Authority is created to effect the planning, financing, acquisition, construction, reconstruction or repair, maintenance, management, and operation of housing projects or programs pursuant to a multijurisdictional plan to provide: (a) dwelling accommodations at rental prices or purchase prices within the means of families of low or moderate income; and (b) affordable housing projects or programs for employees of employers located within the jurisdiction of the Authority.

The Authority was authorized via an intergovernmental agreement effective July 1, 2012. The first year of operations for the Authority began on January 1, 2013. Participating municipalities include Gunnison County, City of Gunnison, Town of Crested Butte, and the Town of Mt. Crested Butte.

The Authority's financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP used by the Authority are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Authority is governed by a nine member appointed Board, two by the Board of Gunnison County Commissioners, two by the Gunnison City Council, two by the Town Council of Crested Butte, two by the Town of Mount Crested Butte and one member at-large. No additional separate governmental units, agencies, or non-profit corporations are included in the financial statements of the Authority since none were discovered to fall within the oversight responsibility based on the application of the following criteria: financial accountability, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Authority's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Authority as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Authority's major funds).

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental (i.e., normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) or business-type (i.e., relying to a significant extent on fees and charges for support) activities. Currently, the Authority performs only governmental activities.

In the Balance Sheet/Statement of Net position, the Statement of Net Position column is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Authority's net position is reported in three parts - investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the Authority as an entity and the change in the Authority's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Authority are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The fund focus is on current available resources and budget compliance.

The Authority reports only one fund – the General Fund – which accounts for all activities of the government. Contributions and other sources of revenue used to finance the fundamental operations of the Authority are included in this fund.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to whether financial statements measure changes in current resources only (current financial focus) or changes in both current and long-term resources (long-term economic focus). Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues, expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Long-term Economic Focus and Accrual Basis

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements use the long-term economic focus and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Current Financial Focus and Modified Accrual Basis

The governmental fund financial statements use the current financial focus and are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (i.e., 60 days). Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statement Accounts

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents are defined as deposits that can be withdrawn at any time without notice or penalty, and investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Receivables

Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. However, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established, as the Authority considers all accounts to be collectible.

Fund Balance

The Authority classifies governmental fund balance as follows:

Non-spendable- includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements.

Restricted- includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposed that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority which is the Authority Board of Directors.

Committed- includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority which is the Authority Board of Directors.

Assigned- includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Authority Board of Directors or its management designee.

Unassigned- includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

The Authority uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Authority first uses committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statements Accounts (continued)

Use of Estimates

The Preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the Authority's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Authority does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category at December 31, 2017.

In addition to Liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The Authority does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category at December 31, 2017.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through July 13, 2018, the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2- Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

The governmental fund Balance Sheet includes reconciliation between Fund balance-Governmental Funds and Net Position-Governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The Authority does have one reconciling item, which was capitalization of LIHTC project, at December 31, 2017.

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and government-wide Statement of Activities.

The governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances includes reconciliation between *Net Change in fund balance- Governmental funds* and *Changes in Net Position-Governmental activities* as reported in the governmental-wide Statement of Activities.

Note 3- Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In the fall of each year, the Authority's Board of Directors formally adopts budget with appropriations by fund for the ensuing year pursuant to the Colorado Local Budget Law. The budget for the governmental fund is adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP.

- (1) On or before October 15, the Authority submits to the Board a recommended budget that detailed the revenues necessary to meet the Authority's operating requirements.
- (2) After appropriate public notice and a required public hearing, the Board adopted the proposed budget and an appropriating resolution that legally appropriated expenditures for the upcoming year on or before December 15.
- (3) After Adoption of the initial budget resolution, the Authority may make the following changes:
 (a) it may approve supplemental appropriations to the extent of revenues in excess of the estimated in the budget; (b) it may approve emergency appropriations; and (c) it may reduce appropriations for which originally estimated revenues are insufficient.

Tabor Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations that apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increases, a mill levy above that for the prior year, extension of any expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government.

Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple-fiscal year debt or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future fiscal years.

TABOR also requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, and salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be 3% or more of fiscal year revenue. As required by TABOR, the Authority has reserved \$10,000 of its fund balance in the General Fund for emergencies, which is the approximate required reserve at December 31, 2017.

The Authority's management believes it is in compliance with the financial provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

Note 4- Detailed Notes on All Funds

Deposits and Investments

Deposits - Colorado state statutes govern the entity's deposits of cash. The Public Deposit Protection Acts for banks and savings and loans require the state regulators to certify eligible depositories for public deposits. The acts require the eligible depositories with public deposits in excess of the federal insurance levels to create a single institution collateral pool of defined eligible assets. Eligible collateral includes obligations of the United States, obligations of the State of Colorado or local Colorado governments and obligations secured by first lien mortgages on real property located in the State. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the un-insured public deposits as a group. The market value of the assets in the pool must be at least equal to the un-insured deposits.

At year-end carrying value of the Authority's deposits was \$ 717,887 and bank balance was \$ 706,004. Of the total bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by FDIC insurance.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the Authority, restricts the maximum investment term to less than five years from the purchase date.

Credit Risk. State law and Authority policy limit investments to those authorized by State statutes including U.S. Agencies and 2a7-like pools. The Authority's general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and, in general, avoid speculative investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Authority diversifies its investments by security type and institution. Investments may only be made in those financial institutions which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Home Mortgage Association, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, Congressionally authorized mortgage lenders and investments that are federally guaranteed.

Receivables

At December 31, 2017, the Authority's receivables of \$16,316 were comprised of charges for services and other revenues remitted to the Authority in 2017.

Loan Payable

At December 31, 2017, the Authority's loan payable of \$100,000 with Gunnison County dated July 15, 2015 on Anthracite Place Apartments. This loan is unsecured.

Note 5- Other Information

Legal Claims

During the normal course of business, the Authority incurs claims and other assertions against it from various agencies and individuals. Management of the Authority and their legal counsel feel none of these claims or assertions are significant enough that they would materially affect the fairness of the presentation of the financial statements at December 31, 2017.

Note 5- Other Information (continued)

Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of; damage to and destruction of assets; and errors or omissions. The Authority has obtained coverage through contracting with an outside insurance agency for these risks and claims, if any, which are not expected to exceed covered amounts.

Intergovernmental Agreement

Effective July 10, 2012, the Authority entered into an intergovernmental agreement (the "Agreement") with the Gunnison County, City of Gunnison, Town of Crested Butte and Town of Mt. Crested Butte to establish the Authority. The Agreement will remain effective indefinitely but can be terminated by approval of seventy-five percent (75%) of the full Board of Directors.

The organizing members have agreed to fund the Authority the following amounts:

Gunnison County	\$93,500
City of Gunnison	\$48,000
Town of Crested Butte	\$55,000
Town of Mt. Crested Butte	\$38,500

Lease Agreement

On December 18, 2012 the Authority entered into a lease agreement with Gunnison County for property that is used for office space. The term of the lease is from January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2017. The Authority will pay \$812.50 per month for the 60 month lease term.

Note 6- Anthracite Park Apartments, LLC

The construction of the Anthracite Park Apartments, LLC was completed in 2016 at a cost of \$5,485,455. The Authority has a promissory note with Anthracite Park Apartments, LLC for \$1,030,600 which is their investment in the LLC. The note is payable on July 1, 2047 or if the Authority exercises it rights to buy-out the investor after the 15 year period or in 2030.